

Package: malaytextr (via r-universe)

September 16, 2024

Title Text Mining for Bahasa Malaysia

Version 0.1.3

Description It is designed to work with text written in Bahasa Malaysia. We provide functions and data sets that will make working with Bahasa Malaysia text much easier. For word stemming in particular, we will look up the Malay words in a dictionary and then proceed to remove ``extra suffix" as explained in Khan, Rehman Ullah, Fitri Suraya Mohamad, Muh Inam UIHaq, Shahren Ahmad Zadi Adruce, Philip Nuli Anding, Sajjad Nawaz Khan, and Abdulrazak Yahya Saleh Al-Hababi (2017) <<https://ijrest.net/vol-4-issue-12.html>> . This package includes a dictionary of Malay words that may be used to perform word stemming, a dataset of Malay stop words, a dataset of sentiment words and a dataset of normalized words.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

URL <https://github.com/zahiernasrudin/malaytextr>

BugReports <https://github.com/zahiernasrudin/malaytextr/issues>

Imports dplyr, magrittr, rlang, stringr

Depends R (>= 2.10)

Suggests rmarkdown, knitr, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

VignetteBuilder knitr

Config/testthat/edition 3

Repository <https://zahiernasrudin.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/zahiernasrudin/malaytextr>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 217e687dff84381c5191ec344e15827a317f8079

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malayrootwords	<i>Data of Malay root words</i>
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Description

Data of Malay root words

Usage

malayrootwords

Format

A tibble with 4310 rows and 2 variables:

Col Word dbl Malay Word

Root Word dbl Malay Root Word

malaysia_politic_sentiment	<i>Malaysia Politic Tweets Sentiment Dataset (Positive, Negative or Neutral)</i>
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Description

Malaysia Politic Tweets Sentiment Dataset (Positive, Negative or Neutral)

Usage

malaysia_politic_sentiment

Format

A tibble with 71 rows and 3 variables:

id dbf Represents a unique identifier assigned to each tweet

text dbf Tweet related to Malaysia politics

Sentiment dbf The sentiment classification assigned to each tweet

malaystopwords	<i>Data of Malay stop words</i>
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Description

Data of Malay stop words

Usage

malaystopwords

Format

A tibble with 512 rows and 1 variable:

stopwords dbf Malay stop words

normalized	<i>Data of Malay normalized words</i>
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Description

Data of Malay normalized words

Usage

normalized

Format

A tibble with 153 rows and 2 variables:

Col Word dbf Word

Normalized Word dbf Normalized Word

remove_url *Remove URL links*

Description

Remove URL links

Usage

```
remove_url(string)
```

Arguments

string String to change

Details

remove_url() is an approach to remove link(s) from a string

Value

Returns a string with URL links removed

Examples

```
x <- c("test https://t.co/fkQC2dXwnc", "another one https://www.google.com/ to try")
remove_url(x)
```

sentiment_general *Data of Sentiment Words (Positive or Negative)*

Description

Data of Sentiment Words (Positive or Negative)

Usage

```
sentiment_general
```

Format

A tibble with 1428 rows and 2 variables:

Word dbl Sentiment Word

Sentiment dbl Sentiment

`stem_malay`*Stemming Malay words*

Description

Malaytextr function to stem Malay words

Usage

```
stem_malay(word,  
           dictionary,  
           col_feature1,  
           col_dict1,  
           col_dict2,  
           Word)
```

Arguments

<code>word</code>	A data frame, or a character vector
<code>dictionary</code>	A data frame with a column of words to be stemmed and a column of root words
<code>col_feature1</code>	Column that contains words to be stemmed from <code>word</code>
<code>col_dict1</code>	Column that will be used to match with <code>col_feature1</code> from <code>word</code>
<code>col_dict2</code>	Column that contains the root words from <code>dictionary</code>
<code>Word</code>	Deprecated. Please use <code>word</code> instead

Format

An object of class function of length 1.

Details

`stem_malay()` is an approach to find the Malay words in a dictionary and then proceed to remove "extra suffix" as explained by Khan et al. (2017), and then "prefix" and lastly, "suffix".

Value

Returns a data frame with the following properties:

- `Col Word`: Renamed input from `word`
- `Root Word`: An additional column which contains the word(s) after being stemmed.

References

Khan, Rehman Ullah, Fitri Suraya Mohamad, Muh Inam UIHaq, Shahren Ahmad Zadi Adruce, Philip Nuli Anding, Sajjad Nawaz Khan, and Abdulrazak Yahya Saleh Al-Hababi. 2017. "Malay Language Stemmer."

Examples

```
#Specifying a character vector &
#use a dictionary from malaytextr package

stem_malay(word = "banyaknya", dictionary = malayrootwords)

#A data frame,
#Use a dictionary from malaytextr package,
#With a dataframe, you will need to specify the column to be stemmed

x <- data.frame(text = c("banyaknya", "sangat", "terkedu", "pengetahuan"))

stem_malay(word = x, dictionary = malayrootwords, col_feature1 = "text")
```

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